(b) As posts failing vacant and being filled up is *a* continuous process, a certain number of posts do remain vacant at any point of time.

(e) It is not the policy of the Govern- ', mem to abolish all vacant posts. On the Railways, surrender and creation of posts is based on the needs emerging from the level' of workload in various activity centres and changes taking place in systems of working and management of the Railways.

Gauge conversion between Pondicherry to Villupuram

3489. SHRI C.P. THIRUNAVUK-KARASU: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the gauge conversion work between Pondicherry to Villupuram will be completed before the end of 1998;

(b) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(c) when the gauge conversion will be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) No. Sir,

(b) and (c) The Work was included in the Budget 1997-98 with the proviso that the work would be taken up after obtaining the necessary approval of the Planning Commission. The Planning Commission have not agreed to the taking up of this project for the present. The work is temporarily frozen and will be reconsidered once the resource position improves and some of the ongoing works get completed.

Extending of Ratnachal Express upto Vizianagaram

3490. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether requests have been received to extend Ratnachal Express upto Vizianagram in Andhra Pradesh;

(a) if so, the action taken- thereon; and

(b) the reasons for not extending it early as only 40 minutes extra rwn is involved?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a)Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Extension of 7245/7!246 Ratnanchal Express upto Vizianagaram has been examined but not found feasible at present due to operational and resource constraints.

Expansion and Renovation of Railway Stations

3491. SHRI K.M. KHAN: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(b) whether expansion and renovation of large number of railway stations has been undertaken during last financial year;

(c) if so, the names of such stations State and Union Territory-wise along with nature of work involved and estimated amount to be spent in each case;

(d) whether Governmerrt propose to undertakc similar work as in (a) for more railways stations of country during current financial year; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and if not, reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) to (d) Modernisation of railway stations is a continuous process and works in this regard are taken up evey year wherever so warranted, subject to availablility of funds. There are more than 7000 stations over Indian Railways and works are taken up wherever justified according to traffic needs. During the year 1997-98 works in this regard were taken up at stations all over Indian Railways incurring an expenditure of Rs. 89,93 crore.

Information in regard to major moder-nisation works in progress and new works

approved for the current year at varous railway staxipns are included in the Works Machinery and Rolling Stock Programme, Part-II, presented to the Parliament along with the Railway Budget Documents. An allocation of Rs. 100 crore has been made for upgrada-tion/renovation/modernisation of railway stations during the current year. Out of this Rs. 18.78 crore is earmarked for new works during 1998-99.

Complaints regarding unsatisfactory sanitation at railway stations

3492. SHRI SANJAY NIRUPAM: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the number of complaints regarding miserable and unsatisfactory sanitation at railway stations and in passenger trains has of late increased;

(b) if so, the number oT such complaints received during last six months; and

(c) what action has been taken or is proposed to be taken to improve sanitation at railway stations and railway trains?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b)97.

(c) Regular inspections are conducted by officers and supervising staff of Engineering. Commercial, Medical and Mechanical departments and the deficiencies/defects noticed are being attended promptly. Monitoring cells have been set up at Ministry/Zonal/Divisional headquarters' levels to monitor the passenger amenities including cleanliness. Besides, cleanliness drives are also launched periodically for maintaining a proper standard of cleanliness at stations and in trains.

Purcliase of A.C. Three Phase Locomotives from ABB.

3493. SHRI AMAR SINGH: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) Whether railways have purcha.scd 30 A.C. three phase locomotives for Rs. 641.49 crorcs from ABB and out of which 23 locomotives failed during the commissioning trial in 1993;

(b) Whether those locomotives are in running condition and if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether the said deal has been adversely commented upon by C.A.G. and if so, the details thereof and the action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) Yes, Sir, it is partly correct. Indian Railways purchased 30 nos. (10 passcngcr and 20 freight) AC three phiise locomotives from ABB for Rs. 641.49 crorcs which were received from October 1995 onwards and thus question of their failure during the year 1993 docs not arise.

(a) Yes, Sir. These locomotives arc in running condition. The passenger locomotives have been deployed to haul Rajdhani/Shatabdi trains and Paryag Raj Express. Similarly, freight locomotives are regularly hauling freight trains on E.istern and Northern Railways.-

(b) Yes, Sir. It is fact that certain aspects have been adversely commented upon by Comptroller & Auditor General's (C&AG) in its Report. The main issues raised in the Report are: acquisition of three phase AC technology at a cost of Rs. 22.00 crores per loco in preference to thyristor technolgy locomotive procured in the year 1985, payment of commitment charges to Asian Development Bank on unutilised portion of loan, delay in indigenisation due to restrictive conditions in transfer of technology and delay in rectification of defects